Serial No. 10/575,331

Resp. dated January 14, 2010

Reply to Office Action dated September 17, 2009

PATENT PF030159

Customer No. 24498

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application.

**LISTING OF CLAIMS** 

1. (Currently Amended) A method of communication in transmitting/receiving

stations in a wireless communication network, in which multi-receiver frames

are exchanged between a station and a plurality of other stations indicating the

transmitting station and the receiving station operate in an omnidirectional

manner using an-omnidirectional antenna antennas at the transmitting station

and at the receiving station, and mono-receiver frames are exchanged between

the transmitting station and the receiving station[[,]] when operating in a

directional manner using directional antennas at the transmitting station and at

the receiving station, wherein the transmission in an omnidirectional manner is

effected in a more robust fashion than the transmission in a directional manner

using a directional antenna.

2. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the more

robust transmission is effected at a lower throughput than a less robust

transmission.

3. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the mono-

receiver frames are modulated by a modulation with a first number of phases

and in that the multi-receiver frames are modulated by a modulation with a

second number of phases, and in that the first number of phases is greater

than the second number of phases.

4. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein the mono-

receiver frames are modulated by a modulation with more than two phases and

in that the multi-receiver frames are modulated by a two phase modulation.

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5. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the mono-

receiver frames are coded with a first forward error correction rate and the

multi-receiver frames are coded with a second forward error correction rate,

and in that the first rate is higher than the second rate.

6. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 5, wherein the mono-

receiver frames and the multi-receiver frames are modulated by the same

modulation.

7. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the

transmission is in compliance with one of the standards belonging to the set

comprising:

- Hiperlan type 2; and

- IEEE 802.11a

8. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the

transmission is in compliance with IEEE 802.11g.

9. (Currently Amended) A transmitting and receiving station for a wireless

communication network, wherein said station comprises:

an omnidirectional antenna to transmit and receive multi-receiver frames

in an omnidirectional manner indicating the transmitting and the receiving

station; and

at least one directional antenna to transmit and receive mono-receiver

frames in a directional manner, and wherein, determined by the multi-receiver

frames, the transmission in a omnidirectional manner being effected in a more

robust fashion than the transmission in a directional manner.

10 – 14. (Cancelled)

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15. (Previously Presented) The station according to claim 9, comprising four directional antennas oriented at 90° with respect to one another.

16 – 17. (Cancelled)

18. (Previously Presented) The station for a wireless communication network according to claim 9 comprising several transmitting and receiving stations.